

**SOUTH DAKOTA BOARD OF WATER
AND NATURAL RESOURCES
DRINKING WATER STATE REVOLVING FUND**

AUDIT REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

**SOUTH DAKOTA BOARD OF WATER
AND NATURAL RESOURCES
DRINKING WATER STATE REVOLVING FUND
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MARTIN L. GUINDON, CPA
AUDITOR GENERAL

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Dennis Daugaard
Governor of South Dakota

and

South Dakota Board of Water and Natural Resources

We have audited the financial statements of the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and have issued our report thereon dated January 14, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the South Dakota Board of Water and Natural Resources is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Board of Water and Natural Resources' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board of Water and Natural Resources' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board of Water and Natural Resources' internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

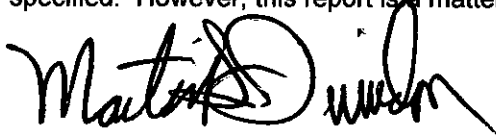
Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Board of Water and Natural Resources' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources and the South Dakota Board of Water and Natural Resources in a separate letter dated January 14, 2013.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and members of the South Dakota Legislature and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Martin L. Guindon", with a large circular flourish at the end.

Martin L. Guindon, CPA
Auditor General

January 14, 2013



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MARTIN L. GUINDON, CPA
AUDITOR GENERAL

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Dennis Daugaard
Governor of South Dakota

and

South Dakota Board of Water and Natural Resources

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the South Dakota Board of Water and Natural Resources' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The financial statements of the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund are intended to present the financial position, and changes in financial position and cash flows, of the business type activities of the State that is attributable to the transactions of the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of South Dakota as of June 30, 2012, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows, where applicable, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 14, 2013, on our consideration of the Board of Water and Natural Resources' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Martin L. Guindon, CPA
Auditor General

January 14, 2013

**SOUTH DAKOTA BOARD OF WATER
AND NATURAL RESOURCES
DRINKING WATER STATE REVOLVING FUND
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
June 30, 2012**

Assets

Current Assets:

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 25,109,306.43
Due from Federal Government	278,629.16
Due from Other Governments	167,642.55
Deferred Charges	28,213.11
Accrued Interest Receivable	1,563,239.08
Loans Receivable	9,667,421.06
Total Current Assets	<u>36,814,451.39</u>

Noncurrent Assets:

Investments	50,366,910.29
Deferred Charges	451,336.99
Loans Receivable	130,848,838.93
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>181,667,086.21</u>

Total Assets	<u>218,481,537.60</u>
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Liabilities

Current Liabilities:

Accounts Payable	200,885.59
Cost of Issuance Payable	58,845.99
Accrued Liabilities	14,078.71
Compensated Absences Payable	28,743.58
Accrued Interest Payable	773,690.17
Bonds Payable - net of unamortized premium and discount	3,898,402.70
Total Current Liabilities	<u>4,974,646.74</u>

Noncurrent Liabilities:

Compensated Absences Payable	25,184.34
Bonds Payable - net of unamortized premium and discount	64,731,023.52
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>64,756,207.86</u>

Total Liabilities	<u>69,730,854.60</u>
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Net Assets

Unrestricted	<u>148,750,683.00</u>
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Total Net Assets	<u><u>\$ 148,750,683.00</u></u>
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**SOUTH DAKOTA BOARD OF WATER
AND NATURAL RESOURCES
DRINKING WATER STATE REVOLVING FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Operating Revenues:

Loan Interest Income	\$ 3,610,606.06
Federal Capitalization Grants	7,125,214.43
Other Income	1,064,542.48
Total Operating Revenue	<u>11,800,362.97</u>

Operating Expenses:

Administrative Expenses		
Personal Services	177,284.75	
Employee Benefits	55,287.68	
Travel	10,812.37	
Contractual	377,599.01	
Supplies	1,598.17	
Grants	87,521.59	
Other	698.72	
Total Administrative Expenses		710,802.29
Grant Expense		7,684,229.00
Interest Expense		2,495,704.80
Arbitrage Rebate		4,097.96
Other Expenses		47.71
Bond Issuance Expense		38,686.02
Total Operating Expenses		<u>10,933,567.78</u>

Operating Income	866,795.19
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Nonoperating Revenue:

Other Income	245,443.96
Investment Income	2,350,617.86
Total Nonoperating Revenue	<u>2,596,061.82</u>

Income Before Transfers	3,462,857.01
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Transfers:

Transfer Out	<u>(28,060.14)</u>
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Change in Net Assets	3,434,796.87
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Net Assets at Beginning of Year, Restated	<u>145,315,886.13</u>
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Net Assets at End of Year	<u><u>\$ 148,750,683.00</u></u>
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**SOUTH DAKOTA BOARD OF WATER
AND NATURAL RESOURCES
DRINKING WATER STATE REVOLVING FUND
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:

Receipts for Loan Repayments	\$ 30,988,399.10	
Receipts for Interest Income on Loans	3,803,140.48	
Receipts for Surcharge Interest on Loans	1,116,761.62	
Receipts for Administering Program	7,133,642.00	
Arbitrage Payment	(4,097.96)	
COI Expense	(47.71)	
Payments to Loan Recipients	(19,333,186.00)	
Payments for Employee Services	(218,354.45)	
Payments for Contractual Services	(426,514.26)	
Payment for Grants	(7,761,829.00)	
Other Payments	(13,109.26)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		15,284,804.56

Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:

Bond Issue Cost Paid	(211,543.33)	
Bond Payments	(36,647,306.17)	
Bond Receipts	36,456,133.52	
Transfers Out	(28,060.14)	
Principal Payments on Bonds	(2,845,000.00)	
Interest Payments on Bonds	(3,447,871.32)	
Other Income	245,443.96	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(6,478,203.48)

Cash Flows from Investing Activities:

Interest on Investments	2,351,072.49	
Proceeds from Sale of Investment Securities	3,623,821.72	
Purchase of Investment Securities	(15,501,041.85)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		(9,526,147.64)

Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (719,546.56)

Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year, Restated	25,828,852.99
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	<u>\$ 25,109,306.43</u>

Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net

Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities

Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 866,795.19
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**Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:**

Interest Expense	2,495,704.80	
Amortization of Bond Issuance Cost	38,686.02	
Assets: (Increase)/Decrease		
Loans Receivable	11,655,213.10	
Accrued Interest Receivable on Loans	192,534.42	
Due from Federal Government	8,427.57	
Due from Other Governments	52,219.14	
Liabilities: Increase/(Decrease)		
Accounts Payable	(38,993.66)	
Accrued Employee Benefits	11,848.87	
Accrued Liabilities	2,369.11	
Total Adjustments		14,418,009.37
Net Cash Provided by Operations		<u>\$ 15,284,804.56</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**SOUTH DAKOTA BOARD OF WATER
AND NATURAL RESOURCES
DRINKING WATER STATE REVOLVING FUND
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2012**

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Authorizing Legislation

The Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) Loan Program was federally authorized by the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. The state authorized the loan program in 1994 in anticipation of federal action. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) developed final guidance for the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund on February 28, 1997. The Board of Water and Natural Resources, acting in its capacity as the South Dakota Conservancy District, conducted a public hearing on April 15, 1997 to adopt formal administrative rules for the program. The Department of Environment and Natural Resources performs all of the functions of the South Dakota Conservancy District, except for quasi-legislative, quasi-judicial, advisory, and special budgetary functions, which are performed by the Board acting in its capacity as the Conservancy District. The DWSRF is a low interest loan program to finance drinking water projects. Funds are provided to the states in the form of capitalization grants awarded annually through the United States Environmental Protection Agency. The federal capitalization grants are matched by state funds at a ratio of 5:1. The Drinking Water State Revolving Fund is a part of the State of South Dakota and, as such, the accompanying financial statements are included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of South Dakota.

B. Fund Accounting

The DWSRF is accounted for as an enterprise fund. An enterprise fund is a proprietary fund type used to report an activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

C. Basis of Accounting

The DWSRF follows the accrual basis of accounting. This method of accounting recognizes the financial effect of transactions, events, and interfund activities when they occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The DWSRF follows all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and those Financial Accounting Standards Boards Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins that were issued on or before November 30, 1989, except those that conflict with a GASB pronouncement.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the accompanying statement of net assets and statement of cash flows all highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

E. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses due to fluctuations in market value are included in investment income.

F. Deferred Charges

Issuance costs, discounts, and premiums on bonds are amortized using the straight line method over the life of the bonds to which they relate.

G. Revenue and Expense Recognition

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering items in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations. The DWSRF records all revenues derived from interest on loans, and federal capitalization grants as operating revenues since these revenues are generated from the DWSRF's daily operations needed to carry out its purpose. Operating expenses include interest expense on bonds, grants and subsidies, and contractual service expenses related to the administration of the DWSRF program.

H. Federal Capitalization Grant

Federal capitalization grants reported as operating income in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets is a federally funded loan program. Information about the program is as follows:

CFDA Number:	66.468
Federal Agency:	Environmental Protection Agency
Program:	Drinking Water State Revolving Fund
State Agency:	Environment & Natural Resources
Expenses:	\$141,129,611
Outstanding Loans:	\$140,516,260
Current Year	
Administrative Expense:	\$613,351
Loan Disbursement:	\$19,333,186

I. Accounting Restatement

The DWSRF was allocated investment income from the South Dakota Cash Flow portfolio which was not accrued in the prior year. The amount reported as beginning net assets was increased by \$433,984.74 and beginning cash was increased by \$383,843.82 on the Statement of Cash Flows.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents consisted of a Goldman Sachs Financial Square Treasury Obligation Fund (money market fund) and the South Dakota Cash Flow Fund. The Goldman Sachs Fund was rated "AAAm" by Standard and Poor's Rating Group. The fund paid less than .01% for the period 7/01/2011 – 6/30/2012. The South Dakota Conservancy District Investment Policy adopted pursuant to the Master Trust Indenture authorizes the investment of up to 20 percent of funds in the South Dakota Cash Flow portfolio which is an unrated fund. The fund paid 2.33% for state fiscal year 2012.

Management of the State's internal investment pool is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC). The investment policy and required risk disclosures for the State's internal investment pool are presented in the audit report of the South Dakota Investment Council, which can be obtained by contacting the Department of Legislative Audit, 427 South Chapelle, c/o 500 East Capitol, Pierre, South Dakota 57501.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund's investments may not be returned. At June 30, 2012, \$50,366,910 of guaranteed investment contracts was uninsured and unregistered, with the securities held by its trust department, but not in the DWSRF's name.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The maturities of the investments are listed below.

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Guaranteed Investment Contract	8/01/2025	\$ 40,128,938
Guaranteed Investment Contract	8/01/2026	<u>10,237,972</u>
		<u>\$ 50,366,910</u>

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the DWSRF. The South Dakota State Revolving Fund Master Trust Indenture requires any investment agreement to be with a guarantor whose long-term rating category is no lower than the two highest long-term rating categories. The investment is rated by Moody's Investors Service.

<u>Moody's Rating</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Baa1	<u>\$ 50,366,910</u>

This guarantor's rating is below the acceptable rating category (i.e., below Moody's Aa3). This investment has been fully collateralized with government securities in accordance with the provisions of Guaranteed Investment Contracts. These fully collateralized investments have a fair value that equates to contract value.

3. LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable consists of loans made to local governments through a loan agreement. In order for a local government to receive a loan, evidence must be shown that the principal and interest of the loan will be repaid. Loans made from the DWSRF may be made at or below market interest rates and shall be fully amortized within twenty years, unless the loan is to a Disadvantaged Community, in which case the loan must be amortized within 30 years. Interest rates are reduced for those loans with shorter amortization periods.

4. LONG-TERM DEBT

Revenue Bonds

The bond issues outstanding as of June 30, 2012 are as follows:

<u>Issue</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Maturity Through</u>	<u>Principal Balance</u>
Series 2004			
Leveraged Serial Bonds	3.0%-5.25%	2025	\$ 915,000
St. Match Serial Bonds	3.0%-5.25%	2025	205,000
Series 2005			
Leveraged Serial Bonds	3.25%-5.0%	2026	275,000
St. Match Serial Bonds	3.25%-5.0%	2026	65,000

Issue	Interest Rate	Maturity Through	Principal Balance
Series 2010AB			
Build America Bonds (BABs)			
Leveraged Term Bonds	4.084%-5.646%	2031	12,665,000
Tax Exempt Bonds			
Leveraged Term Bonds	2.000%-5.125%	2030	15,930,000
St Match Term Bonds	2.000%-5.125%	2030	6,855,000
Series 2012AB			
Taxable Revenue Bonds			
State Match	0.25%-3.183%	2027	5,580,000
Leveraged	0.25%-3.183%	2027	24,620,000
Revenue Bonds			
State Match	2.00%- 5.00%	2023	<u>2,810,000</u>
Total			69,920,000
Less: Unamortized Deferred Amount of Refunding			(3,304,530)
Add: Unamortized Premium			<u>2,013,956</u>
Total Net of Amortization			<u>\$ 68,629,426</u>

Future bond payments and future interest payments remaining as of June 30, 2012 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total Principal and Interest
2013	\$ 4,050,000	\$ 2,780,079	\$ 6,830,079
2014	4,380,000	2,196,904	6,576,904
2015	4,475,000	2,088,284	6,563,284
2016	4,575,000	1,969,107	6,544,107
2017	4,685,000	1,844,186	6,529,186
2018-2022	22,455,000	7,154,691	29,609,691
2023-2027	17,560,000	3,693,526	21,253,526
2028-2033	<u>7,740,000</u>	<u>732,176</u>	<u>8,472,176</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 69,920,000</u>	<u>\$ 22,458,953</u>	<u>\$ 92,378,953</u>

Changes in long-term liabilities

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Revenue Bonds	\$ 69,920,000	\$ 33,010,000	\$ (33,010,000)	\$ 69,920,000	\$ 4,050,000
Less: Bond Discount	(18,223)		18,223		
Add: Bond Premium	2,462,234	328,967	(777,245)	2,013,956	112,066
Less: Deferred Amount of Refunding	(232,392)				
	<u>0.00</u>	<u>(3,138,042)</u>	<u>65,904</u>	<u>(3,304,530)</u>	<u>(263,663)</u>
Total	72,131,619	30,200,925	(33,703,118)	68,629,426	3,898,403
Compensated Absences	42,079	17,047	(5,198)	53,928	28,744
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 72,173,698</u>	<u>\$ 30,217,972</u>	<u>\$ (33,708,316)</u>	<u>\$ 68,683,354</u>	<u>\$ 3,927,147</u>

5. COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2012, the DWSRF had loan commitments with political subdivisions worth \$35,714,038.

6. RETIREMENT PLAN

The Department of Environment and Natural Resources participates in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits for employees of the State and its political subdivisions. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions is found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements, footnote disclosures, and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Employees are required by state statute to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. The DWSRF contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, were \$12,102.65, \$11,170.96, and \$11,979.46, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

7. ANNUAL AND SICK LEAVE ACCRUAL

All employees earn annual leave. Upon termination, employees are eligible to receive compensation for their accrued annual leave balances. At June 30, 2012, a liability existed for accumulated annual leave calculated at the employee's June 30, 2012 pay rate in the amount of \$23,599. Employees who have been continuously employed by the State of South Dakota for at least seven years prior to the date of their retirement, voluntary resignation or death will receive payment for one-fourth of their accumulated sick leave balance. This payment is not to exceed the sum of twelve weeks of employee's annual compensation. At June 30, 2012, a liability existed for accumulated sick leave, calculated at each employee's June 30, 2012, pay rate in the amount of \$30,329. The total leave liability of \$53,928 at June 30, 2012 is shown as a liability on the balance sheet.

8. PUBLIC ENTITY POOL FOR LIABILITY

The Department of Environment and Natural Resources is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Department is uninsured for property loss. The Department participates in the various programs administered by the State of South Dakota. These risk management programs are funded through assessments charged to participating entities. The risk management programs include; 1) coverage for risks associated with automobile liability and general tort liability (including public officials' errors and omissions liability, medical malpractice liability, law enforcement liability, and products liability) through the State's Public Entity Pool for Liability Fund, 2) coverage of employee medical claims through the State's health insurance program, 3) coverage for unemployment benefits through the State's Workers' Compensation Fund, and, 4) coverage for workers' compensation benefits through the State's Workers' Compensation Fund. Financial

information relative to the self-insurance funds administered by the State is presented in the State of South Dakota Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

9. BONDING ACTIVITY IN STATE FISCAL YEAR 2012

On May 23, 2012, the District utilized \$2,810,000 of the Series 2012B Bonds, combined with other funds on hand, to refund \$3,470,000 of the Series 2001 Bonds. The Series 2012B Bonds had an average interest rate of 2.8 percent. The net proceeds of the refunding portion of \$3,118,704 (after payment of \$20,263 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) plus \$419,250 were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all the future debt service payments on the refunded portion of the Series 2001 Bonds. As a result, the refunded portion of the Series 2001 Bonds is considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Assets.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$149,065. This difference is being credited through fiscal year 2023 using the effective-interest method. The SD Conservancy District completed the current refunding for a net economic gain of \$1,069,390. The difference between the cash flows of the refunded bonds and the refunding bonds is an \$829,510 reduction in debt service payments.

On May 23, 2012, the District utilized \$22,595,000 of the Series 2012A Bonds to refund \$20,100,000 of the Series 2004 Bonds. The Series 2012A Bonds had an average interest rate of 2.4 percent. The net proceeds of the refunding portion of \$22,442,284 (after payment of \$152,298 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all the future debt service payments on the refunded portion of the Series 2004 Bonds. As a result, the refunded portion of the Series 2004 Bonds is considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Assets.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$2,071,512. This difference is being credited through fiscal year 2025 using the effective-interest method. The SD Conservancy District completed the advance refunding for a net economic gain of \$1,479,950. The difference between the cash flows of the refunded bonds and the refunding bonds is a \$2,050,698 reduction in debt service payments.

On May 23, 2012, the District utilized \$7,605,000 of the Series 2012A Bonds to refund \$6,595,000 of the Series 2005 Bonds. The Series 2012A Bonds had an average interest rate of 2.4 percent. The net proceeds of the refunding portion of \$7,549,364 (after payment of \$55,516 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all the future debt service payments on the refunded portion of the Series 2005 Bonds. As a result, the refunded portion of the Series 2005 Bonds is considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Assets.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$815,406. This difference is being credited through fiscal year 2027 using the effective-interest method. The SD Conservancy District completed the advance refunding for a net economic gain of \$115,821. The difference between the cash flows of the refunded bonds and the refunding bonds is a \$180,680 reduction in debt service payments.